

# Sheafhom

A package for sparse linear algebra  
and algebraic topology

Mark McConnell

# Overview

- Package for large-scale mathematical computations
- Front end for algebraic topology and number theory
- Back end solves large sparse systems of linear equations over the integers

# History

- Sheafhom 1.x, 1993-99, CLtL1/2
- Sheafhom 2.0, 2001-04, Java
- Sheafhom 2.1, 2004-05, ANSI CL
- At <http://www.lispwire.com> and [www.geocities.com/mmccconnell17704](http://www.geocities.com/mmccconnell17704)

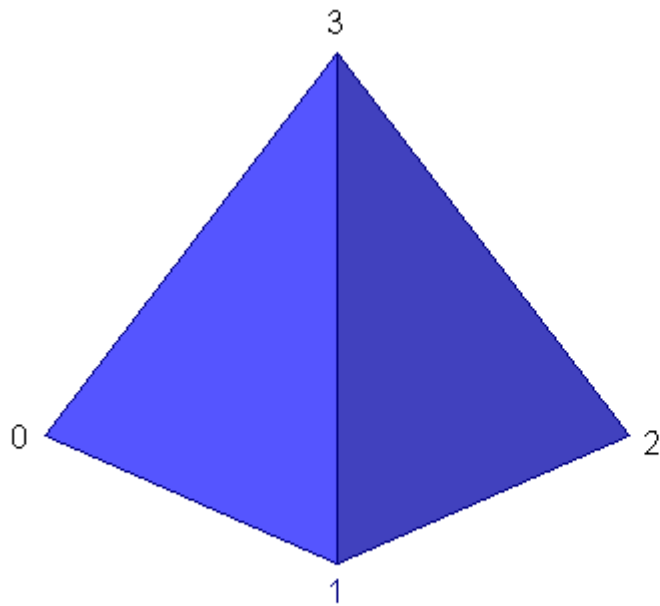
# Topology

- Ash, Gunnells, — : cohomology of arithmetic subgroups. Compute Hecke eigenvalues, look for attached Galois representations, as examples of the Langlands program.
- Dimensions 3, 4, 6, embedded in up to 10.
- Today, stick to 2 dimensions.

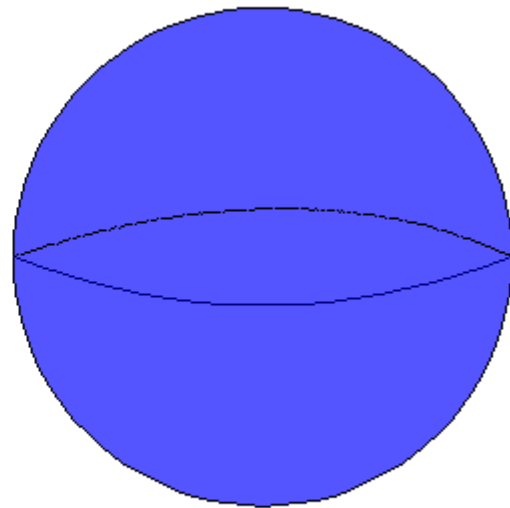
# Two-Complexes

- A *two-complex* is a space made by gluing triangles together along their edges and vertices.
- Or any space *homeomorphic* to one of these.

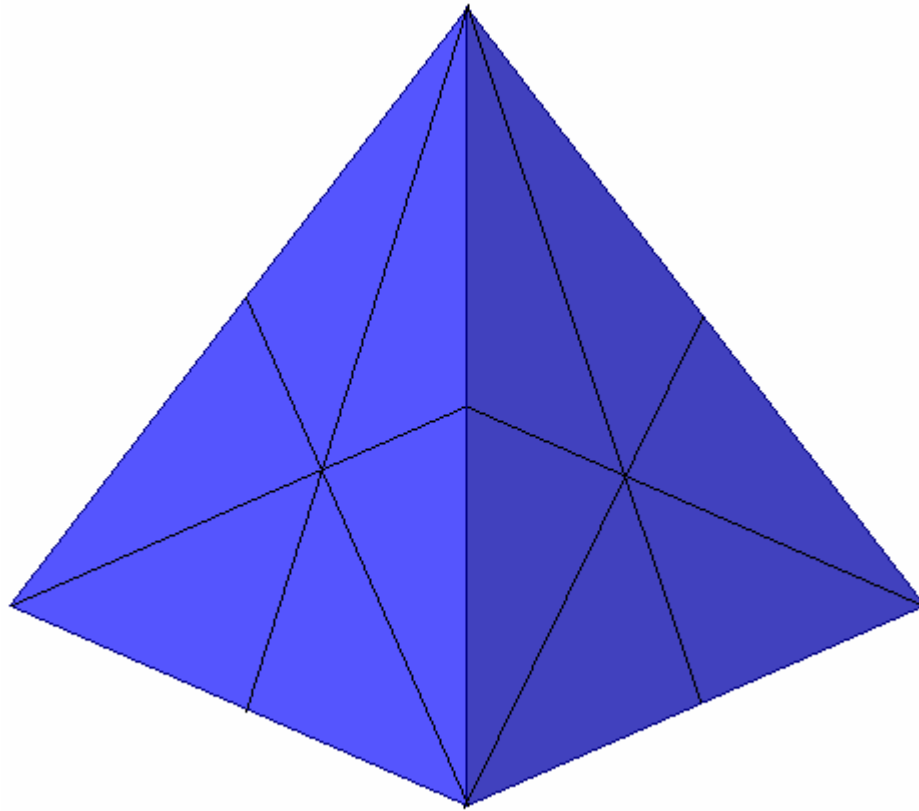
# Sphere $S^2$



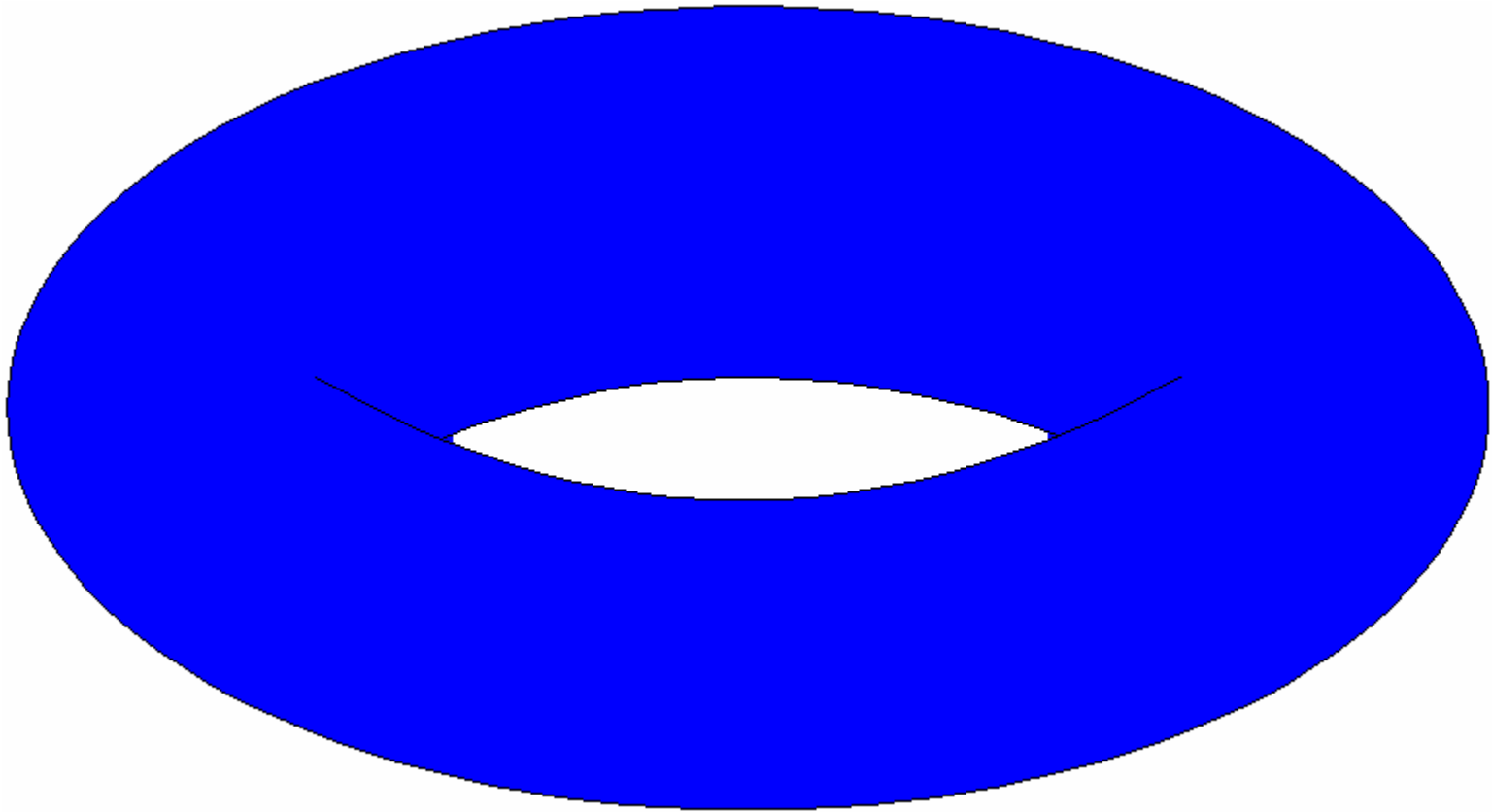
$((1\ 2\ 3)\ (0\ 2\ 3)\ (0\ 1\ 3)\ (0\ 1\ 2))$



# Barycentric Subdivision

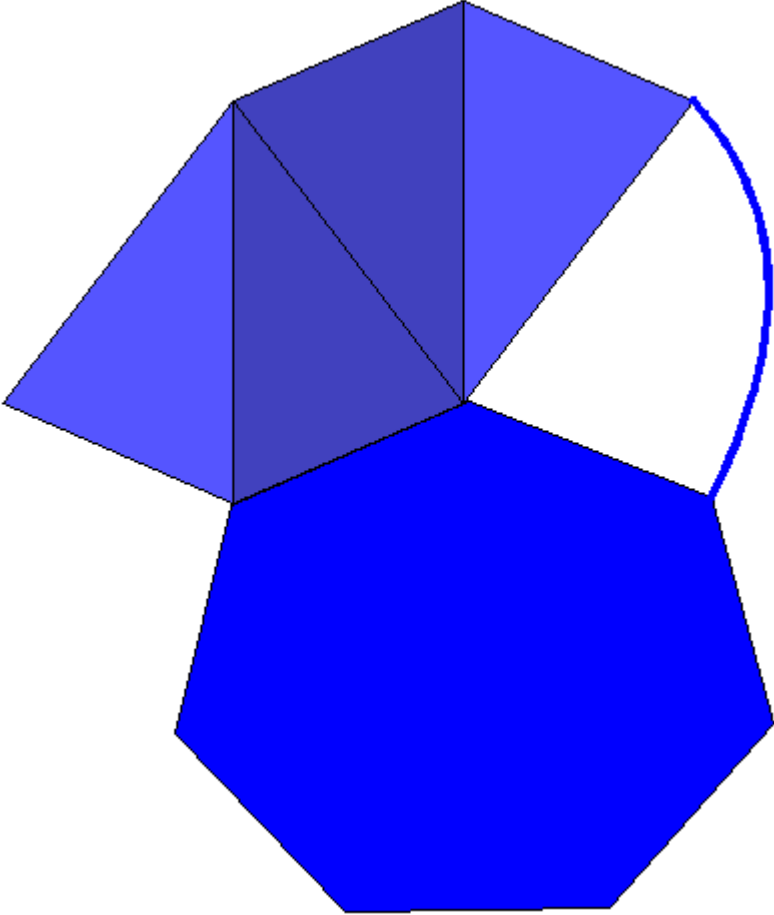


Torus  $T^2$

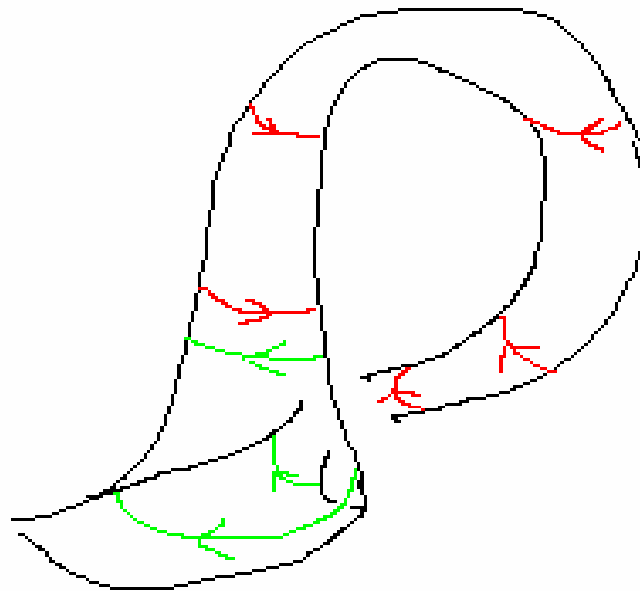




# Others



# Klein Bottle (non-orientable)

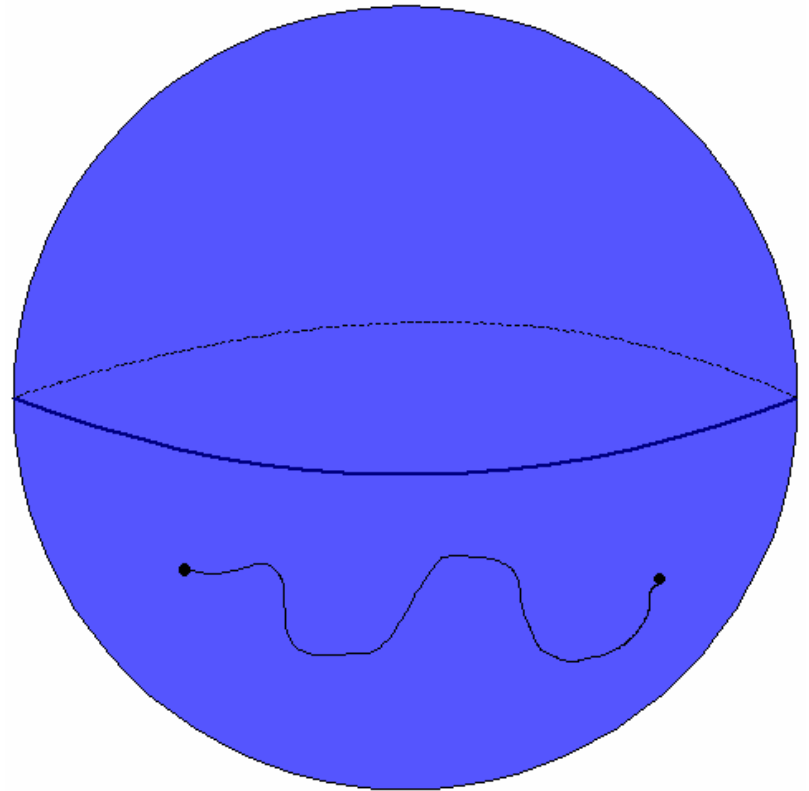


# Homology

- Form a group of  $i$ -dimensional cycles ( $i$ -dimensional loops) on a space  $X$ .
- Two cycles are equivalent if they are the boundary of an  $(i+1)$ -dimensional object.
- The result is the  $i$ -th homology  $H_i(X)$ .
- I'll speak of the rank of  $H_i$ , the number of independent generators.

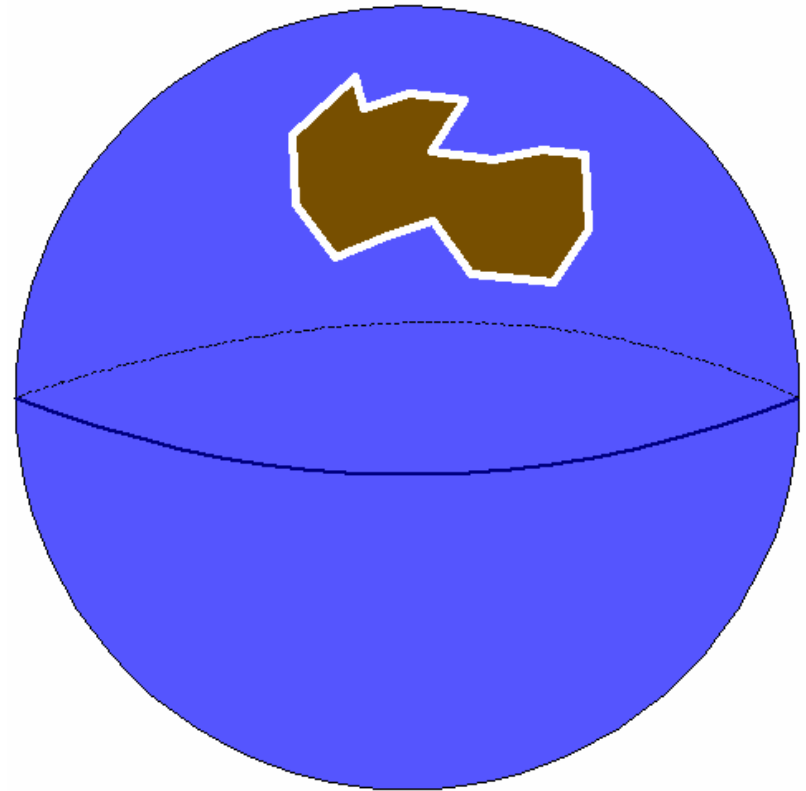
# $H_0$ Measures Connectedness

- $H_0$  has rank 1



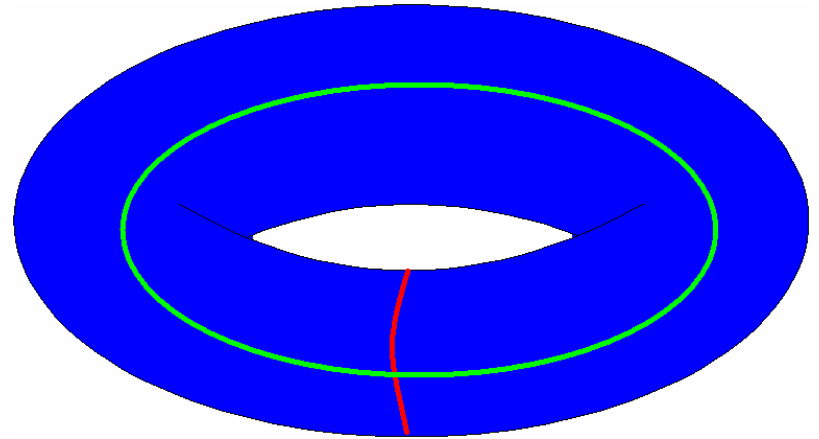
# $H_1 = \text{Essential Loops}$

- $H_1$  has rank 0

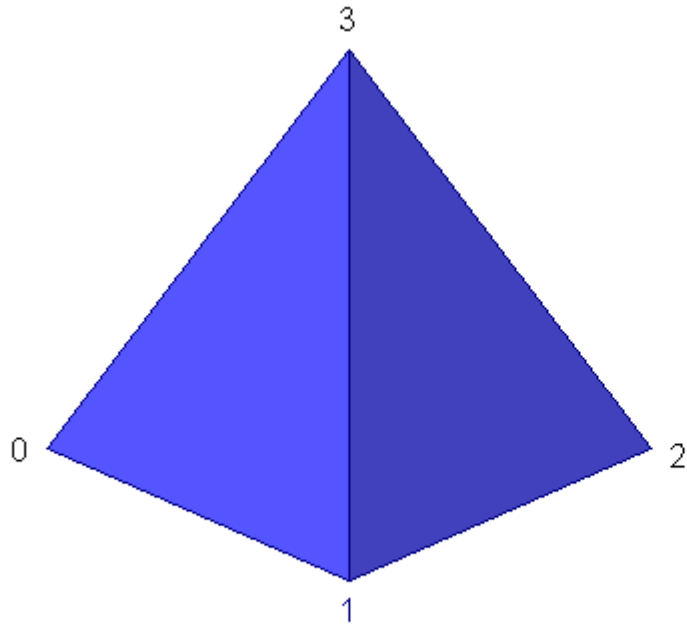


# $H_1 = \text{Essential Loops}$

- $H_1$  has rank 2



# Compute $H_i$ With Boundary Matrices



((1 2 3) (0 2 3) (0 1 3) (0 1 2))

1	1	0	1	0	0
-1	0	1	0	1	0
0	-1	-1	0	0	1
0	0	0	-1	-1	-1

# $H_1$ on non-orientable spaces

- One loop goes all around the outside
- Red loop  $\neq$  green loop
- But  $2 \times (\text{red loop}) = (\text{red} + \text{green}) = (\text{do something, then undo}) = 0$ .
- *Torsion*:  $2 \times x = 0$  yet  $x \neq 0$ .
- $H_1 = \mathbf{Z} + \mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z}$ .

